

VUS 7/8/ REVIEW

UNIT 7

Characteristics of the colonial system

Colonial governments mirrored their home governments.

- _____ religion had a strong influence on the development of the colonies.
- A major element of the economy was the mining of _____ for export.

Examples of Major cities that were established as outposts of colonial authority.

- _____ in Cuba
- _____ in Mexico
- _____ in Peru
- _____ in Brazil
- _____ in Argentina

Label each country listed above. Yes-Again.



Rigid class structure

- Viceroy / colonial officers
- _____ (people of European descent born in the Americas)
- _____ (people of Native American and European heritage)

Influence of the American and French Revolutions on Latin America

- Slaves in the country of _____ rebelled, abolished slavery, and won independence.
- Father _____ started the Mexican independence movement.
- _____, _____, and _____ colonies gained independence.

Selected countries that gained independence during the 1800s

- Mexico
- Haiti
- Colombia
- Venezuela
- Brazil

Contributions of _____

- Former slave who led Haitian rebellion against French
- Defeated the armies of three foreign powers: Spain, France, and Britain

Contributions of _____

- Native resident who led revolutionary efforts in Latin America
- Liberated the northern areas of Latin America
- Bolivia bears his name

- The Monroe Doctrine was issued by President _____ in 1823.
- _____ nations were acknowledged to be independent.

The United States would regard as a threat to its own peace and safety any attempt by European powers to impose their system on any independent state in the _____ Hemisphere.

UNIT 8**Legacy of Napoleon**

1. _____ attempt to unify Europe under _____
2. _____ Code
3. Awakening of feelings of _____ in countries. Pride in one's country.

Legacy of the Congress of Vienna -B.A.C.K.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

The terms of the Congress of Vienna led to widespread discontent in Europe, especially in _P_____ and the _I_____ states. Unsuccessful revolutions of 1848 - _____ nationalistic tensions.

In contrast to continental Europe, the _____ expanded political rights through _____ means and made slavery illegal in the British Empire.

Unification of Italy

1. Count Cavour unified _____.
2. Giuseppe Garibaldi joined _____ to northern Italy.
3. The _____ (including Rome) became the last to join Italy.

Locate and shade in unified Italy on the map of Europe below:



Unification of Germany

1. Otto von Bismarck led _____ in the unification of _____ through _____ and by appealing to _____ feelings.
2. Bismarck's actions were seen as an example of _____, which justifies all means to achieve and hold power.
3. The _____ led to the creation of the German state.

Locate and shade in unified Germany on the map of Europe below:

